

...Ladies' Rings...

One very strong point in our business, perhaps the strongest, is Ladies' Rings

We pay special attention to this line, and consequently show the largest and choicest collection of them found in British Columbia.

DIAMONDS, PEARLS, RUBIES, EMERALDS, SAPPHIRES AND OPALS, SET SINGLY AND IN COMBINATION IN ALL THE NEWEST AND MOST APPROVED STYLES.

The values are the very best, and are made possible only by purchasing in large quantities, and in the largest markets of the world.

CHALLONER, MITCHELL & CO., THE JEWELLERS,
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

.....Smoke.....

COPE'S
GOLDEN MAGNET TOBACCO

.....AND.....

Isherwood's, Egyptian Cigarettes.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y
AGENTS.

Klondike Outfitting....

WILSON BROS.
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

ALL ABOARD FOR PINE CREEK
LAKE ATLIN.

The Latest Rich Discoveries.

Take first Steamer after First Class Outfit at
having secured a Lowest Prices from

E. J. SAUNDERS & CO., 39 and 41 JOHNSON STREET

Letter Mail to Dawson

AND TO INTERMEDIATE POINTS

Our mail bag leaves Victoria every few days. All letters arrive safely sent by us, as every one along the route enquires on the steamer for letters.

CHARGES \$1.00 PER LETTER.

Express package charges on enquiry.

BENNETT LAKE AND KLONDIKE NAVIGATION CO.
39 Government Street, Victoria.

DO YOU USE
A GAS STOVE?

THE VICTORIA
GAS CO., LTD.

Are now loaning and fitting up free of charge Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. Gas is sold at the reduced rate of \$1.25 per M. cubic feet for fuel.

Advantages of using gas for cooking purposes: 1—Less heat in kitchen. 2—A gas stove is always ready for instant use, day or night. 3—A gas stove will do all the cooking a coal or wood stove does only quicker and cleaner. 4—A gas stove means less work, no fuel to carry or ashes to remove. 5—Food is not placed in contact with the gas. 6—The average cost of using a gas range in this city does not exceed \$1.75 per month.

Stoves can be seen at any time at the gas works, where any further information will be gladly given.

Klondike Information Bureau.
W. WALLACE GRIME & CO.

Real Estate, Mining Shipping and Customs
Brokers, Commission and General Insurance
Agents. 64 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.
Telephone 43

HIGH LIFE
CIGARETTES

Are, Without a Doubt, in
Quality and Price

The Very Best Made

E. A. MORRIS'

Headquarters for

MINERS'

SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.
Victoria, B.C.

REAL
ENJOYMENT...

There is real enjoyment in getting a good thing, in knowing it when you have got it, in keeping it when you know it. Our goods sold at low prices are a real enjoyment.

Corn Starch, 3 packages 25c
Tanglefoot Fly Paper, per box 40c
Gold Dust Washing Powder, 3 pkgs 25c
Taylor's " 3 1-2 lbs. 25c
Island Cream Cheese, each 15c

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

STOCKS FOR SALE.

Con. Alberni 9c.
Dardanelles 7c.
Vancouver 65c.
Monte Christo 35c.
Good Hope 25c.
Van Ant. 25c.
Davies Sayward Co. (Kootenay) cost \$2 52c.
Deer Park 219c.
Virginia 85c.
Iron Mask 91c.
Iron Colt 11c.
H. E. Lee 13c.
Giant 8c.
Cariboo (Camp McKinney) 75c.

Quotations for other stocks to be had on application at our office. List your stocks with us as we are in daily communication by wire with Toronto, Montreal, Spokane, Rossland and other outside cities.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On first mortgage on Victoria real estate by the Yorkshire Guarantee & Securities Corporation and by The Dominion Permanent Loan Co.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

Mr. Hedley Chapman's residence on Dallas road, either with or without the furniture; fine residence on Boyd street, \$30,000; 2-roomed cottage on Cook street, \$2,500; 8-roomed house on Dallas road, \$3,000; 6-roomed cottage on Fernwood road, \$1,000; two houses on Green street, cost \$3,000, will be sold for \$2,000; large house and lot on Kane street for \$3,000; two cottages on Michigan street, \$1,100 each.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

6-roomed house, Toronto street, \$25
8-roomed house, South Turner street, \$30
8-roomed house, Rockland avenue, \$40
6-roomed house, Simon street, \$20
6-roomed cottage facing Beacon Hill, \$10
Swiss cottage on Esquimalt road containing 7 rooms, with frontage on the water \$45

LOTS FOR SALE.

Two acres on St. Charles street, \$1,800
2.21 acres fronting on Dallas road, \$8,000
Lots on South Turner street, \$50
Lots on Simcoe street, \$50; on Stanley avenue from \$300 to \$850; on Rockland avenue, \$550 and all parts of the city. Call to examine our list.

A. W. MOORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
86 Government street.

MONEY

To lend on approved mortgage security (Victoria City) in sums of \$2,000, \$3,000, \$5,000, \$10,000 and \$15,000. Apply to.....
A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN

Goals and Wood FOR THE
WINTER.

Now is the time to get your winter supply. First Quality Dry Cordwood, \$3.50 (has been cut 15 months).
Alexandra Cords, \$5.50.
Old reliable Wellington, \$6.00.
BAKER & COLSTON, James Bay.
Telephone 497.

A DUSKY CRACKERJACK

The Little Welshman Defeated by a Colored Cyclist of Phenomenal Speed.

New World's Record Established for the Paced Mile Standing Start.

Victor's Backer Issues Challenge for any Distance Up to the century.

New York, Aug. 27.—"Major" Taylor, the colored cyclist, met and defeated "Jimmy" Michael, the little Welshman, in a special mile race, best two out of three, one mile paced heats from a standing start, at the Manhattan Beach Cycle club, this afternoon.

Michael won the first heat easily as Taylor's pacing quite broke down in the final lap, but in the next two heats Michael was so badly beaten and distanced that he quit each time in the last lap. Taylor's work was wonderful, both from an athletic and a time standpoint, and he established a new world's record which was absolutely phenomenal.

Immediately after the third heat was finished and before the time was announced, William Brady, who championed the colored boy during the entire season, issued a challenge to race Taylor against Michael for \$5,000 or \$10,000 a side for any distance up to 100 miles. The challenger was received with shouts by the assemblage and the dusky victor was lionized when the time was known.

The Welsh rider was pale as a corpse when he jumped off his wheel, and had no excuse to make for his defeat. At no time could he keep up with the terrific pace set by Taylor. Taylor's performance undoubtedly stamps him as the premier cycle sprinter of the world and judging from the staying qualities he exhibited in his six-days' ride in Madison Square garden the middle distance championship may be his before the end of the present season.

SPAIN'S ARMY.

Those Returned Home Speak Well of the Fate—Disposition of Manila Garrison.

Madrid, Aug. 26.—The cabinet was in session again to-day. Senor Sagasta said the government was principally occupied with the position of the troops that had capitulated at Manila. It would be better, he thought, to transport them to the Visayas islands than to bring them home, but the question must be decided by agreement with the American government. It depended on whether or not the troops were considered prisoners of war.

The Spanish officers who arrived on the steamer Alicante, which reached Corunna on the 4th instant with the first of the Spanish repatriated soldiers, were given a banquet by representatives of the Madrid press at Corunna. The officers declared that both the American and Spanish nations adhered to the methods of civilized warfare throughout the campaign. They concede the superiority of American artillerymen. The health of the troops which arrived by the Alicante is already greatly improved.

The government has resolved to appoint the ex-Spanish consul at Key West as diplomatic agent at Washington until peace shall have been signed.

SORRY SOLDIERS.

United States Volunteers Return From Cuba in Pitiable Condition.

New London, Conn., Aug. 27.—A transport steamer arrived in this city this morning from Montauk, bearing nearly 500 members of the Second Massachusetts United States volunteers from Camp Wickoff. The men, as a rule, presented a sorry spectacle. A committee of citizens of New London were on hand, and provided the soldiers with hot coffee and a lunch, and those who were able to partake ate ravenously. Some idea of the condition of the men can be had from the statement of one of them that in one company alone—Company H—only 13 men were able to walk from their tents to the boat.

Philadelphia, Aug. 27.—The Philadelphia hospital train, with 51 fever-stricken soldiers of the Third Pennsylvania regiment, arrived here at noon to-day from Florida. Thirty-eight of the sick soldiers were sent to hospitals, and the remainder were sent to their homes in this city.

New York, Aug. 27.—A hospital train of four cars arrived at Jersey City to-day from Fort Thomas, Chicago. Three cars were Pullman, and there were 41 sick men in them. Thirty-eight were down with typhoid, and three were sick with malaria. The sick belonged to the First New Hampshire volunteers.

The victory rests with America's Greatest Medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, when it enters the battle against impure blood.

GEORGE BYRNES

AUCTIONEER
APPRAISER AND
COMMISSION
AGENT

OFFICE 15 YATES STREET

Liberal advances made on goods consigned for sale

Have Large Rooms for City Auctions

Prof. C. Gartner, B.A.

Voice Production, Art of Singing and Instrumental Music...

An opportunity for receiving a thorough musical education. The methods used in teaching are those of the leading European masters and conservatories of music. For catalogue and particulars call or address STUDIO, Room 55, Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B.C.

10,000 ROLLS NEW WALL PAPERS just received—some beautiful effects. J. W. Mellor, 70-78 Fort Street, agent for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance. je24

IF YOUR HOUSE requires paint, the best is cheapest. Mellor's Pure Mixed Paint speaks for itself. \$1.50 per gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort street.

TO THE PUBLIC—On account of removal we will sell at reduced prices everything in stock of grain, flour, feed of all kinds, etc. Hartmann & Co., 72 Yates street.

SPIRITUALISM.

The A. O. U. W. hall has been secured for the "Trackway" Grand Test Service, Sunday, 8 p. m. Do not fail to attend. Collection 25 cents. a27

CASTILE SOAP

Purest of the Pure!
10c, 25c, Large Bar, 90c.

Baby's bath outfit is not complete without this Soap.

BOWEN, THE Dispenses Prescriptions.
100 Government St., near Yates.

A DRY ELECTION.

That Is What the Law Provides for the Plebiscite—Goldwin Smith's View.

Toronto, Aug. 27.—(Special)—Mr. Goldwin Smith writes in opposition to prohibition. He says it tends on personal liberty and always fails of its object; he argues that it will do more harm than good to public morals, and concludes by saying that prohibition discriminates against lighter drinks, such as wine, beer and cider, and in favor of whiskey, because the bulk of whiskey being less, it is more easily concealed. There are other intoxicants, such as opium and chloral, which would be likely to increase when liquor was withdrawn.

The Globe, referring editorially to the question raised as to whether bar-rooms must be closed on the day of the plebiscite, quotes, section G of the Plebiscite Act, and section 83 of the Dominion Elections Act, and says certainly the bar-rooms must be closed under the act.

MR. FOSTER'S TRIP.

He Presents a Flourishing Report of the Conditions in the West.

Winnipeg, Aug. 27.—(Special)—Hon. Geo. E. Foster, ex-minister of finance for the Dominion, passed through today en route East, returning from a combined business and pleasure trip through the West during which he took occasion to address several political meetings. Seen at the station by a reporter Mr. Foster said: "I found the West flourishing. Business in the mining regions is now down to a practical basis and though there are some who are not doing well, the great majority of the miners are making money. The recent sale of the Centre Star mine for \$2,000,000 shows the country is proving rich and valuable."

"The Crox's Nest Pass railway, which will be through to Kootenay lake by the first of November, if the present rate of construction is continued, will make a vast improvement in the country and its prospects. It forms a direct and cheap outlet for the products of the mines as well as an inlet for supplies the mines require."

Mr. Foster said that the several public meetings which he held in the West, were very successful.

KILLED AT A CROSSING.

Boston and Maine Train Strikes a Buckboard and Kills Five Persons.

Ware, Mass., Aug. 27.—A railway train on the Boston & Maine road struck a buckboard at Whiting's crossing to-night, and killed five members of a pleasure party. The killed were George Whiting, aged 50; Jessie Whiting, 18; George Whiting, Jr., 13; Sadie Whiting, 20, and a boy not identified. Those severely hurt are Harold Rich, 13; John Scott, 6; Mildred Scott, 4.

ARMY SCANDALS.

Investigation of Medical and Supply Branches of Service Under Discussion at Washington.

Washington, Aug. 27.—A report was in circulation to-day that Surgeon-General George Sternberger, of the army, had asked Secretary Alger to order a general investigation of the medical department of the army. Secretary Alger said to-night, however, that such a request had not reached him, and Surgeon-General Sternberger refused to say whether he had asked or intended to ask for a general investigation.

FAR EASTERN CONTESTS.

England Would Gain Her Ends by Joining Interests With America and Japan.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—Much interests is displayed in the outcome of the Far Eastern contest. The opinion of the renowned Austrian Orientalist Vambery in a Vienna magazine, meets with some support. He believes that all the advantages Russia gained in China can only benefit her in the remote future when Russian industry and commerce become able to compete with British. "Such a despotically governed power," he says, "cannot develop rapidly, while on the other hand, the Chinese are weakening and their American schooling is creating a desire for development. Should England join her interests to those of America and Japan she would gain her ends."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure cures where others fail. It is the leading Cough Cure and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

ATHLETE AND
SWEET CAPORAL

10 CENTS
PER PACKET.

CIGARETTES

H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING
TOBACCONIST

Salmon Block - - - Victoria, B. C.

HITCH IN CONFERENCE

United States Will Treat for no Preference Not Granted Exclusively.

And Canada Will Not Exclude Mother Country—Ottawa Bids for Meetings.

Premier Laurier Called From Quebec by Death of His Brother.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Ottawa, Aug. 27.—It appears that when the adjournment of the international conference was proposed a report was industriously circulated in Quebec that there was not first class hotel accommodation in the capital. Word of this came to Ottawa last night and at once measures were taken by several indignant citizens to assure the American commissioners, who were believed to be most likely to be influenced by the story. The Secretary of State, Senator Clemons, the city members, the president of the board of trade, and the United States consul all sent assurances to Quebec of the adequacy of the hotel accommodation, adding a request to the Premier that after next week the conference re-assemble here. An answer was promised for Monday.

Quebec, Aug. 27.—(Special)—The possible adjournment of the international conference may be from Monday for several days owing to the absence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has been summoned to Arthursville, in consequence of the death yesterday of Charlemagne Laurier, brother of the Premier. He had been long ill of consumption and went to British Columbia in the spring accompanied by Lady Laurier. His death occurred at Arthursville. The sad occurrence may keep Sir Wilfrid Laurier from the conference when it re-assembles on Monday.

Invitations have been issued by the American delegates for a banquet to Sir Wilfrid and his friends on Tuesday at the Chateau Frontenac. Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, solicitor-general, gives a banquet at the Garrison Club to-night to some members of the commission and newspaper correspondents now in town.

MONTEAL, AUG. 27.—(Special)—A Star cable from London says: "The Anglo-American conference at Quebec is being watched here with keen attention, for the phrase 'the fact here' is general appreciation of the fact here that Canada is a hostage for England's good behavior towards the United States. The question around which most interest centres, is what will the United States demand as the price of reciprocity. A New York telegram to the Morning Post positively announces that the United States commissioners will not modify the stand they have decided to make in the matter. They will make concessions only in return for preferential treatment exclusively in favor of the United States and will not pay for an equal treatment to that accorded Great Britain. If so, then reciprocity is absolutely impossible, for positive assurances were received in London yesterday from a member of the Canadian ministry that no treaty will be concluded to by Canada that does not extend to the Mother Land any trade privileges accorded."

VANCOUVER AND VICINITY.

Building Enterprise—The Caledonian Games—New Theatre.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Vancouver, Aug. 27.—Vancouver has another missing man, Louis Theobald, 22 years old. He was formerly a waiter at the Boulder restaurant, and has been missing for a week.

T. Spain made a quarter-mile track record of 32 seconds flat in a trial heat during the Caledonian games to-day.

Another \$10,000 block is going up on Granville street, next to the Leckie building.

The B. C. Milling, Trading & Timber Co. are erecting a large shingle mill on Howe Sound.

As usual, an immense crowd attended the Caledonian and St. Andrew's sports to-day. There was a large gathering of visitors from Victoria, Nanaimo and Westminster. The entries for the sports were numerous, and the contests keen.

One hundred dollars reward has been offered for the detection of the man who placed the can of powder under the court house at Stevenson.

A new theatre is proposed for Vancouver, to be called the Alhambra, the gentlemen mainly interested in its success being Ernest Greenwood, John Williams, W. H. Lucas, T. Sharp, E. E. Barker and F. W. Dyke.

For Constipation take Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great Blood Purifier. Cures Headache, Nervousness, Eruptions on the face, and makes the head clear as a bell. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

ATHLETE AND
SWEET CAPORAL

10 CENTS
PER PACKET.

CIGARETTES

H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING
TOBACCONIST

Salmon Block - - - Victoria, B. C.

Your Ice Cream will be delicious if flavored with **Blue Ribbon** Extract of Vanilla.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

James Bay Club Return Thanks—Wellington Cyclists Arrive—Fruit Shipments.

Winnipeg, Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The following message was received yesterday from the James Bay Club, captain of the Winnipeg Rowing Club: "At a largely attended meeting to welcome home our senior four, a hearty vote of thanks to your club and the citizens of Winnipeg, for your generous treatment of our boys, was passed unanimously, and we are directed to wire you accordingly." This was signed by the president and secretary-treasurer.

The first of the riders from outside the province to reach the city to compete for the amateur wheeling championships of Canada arrived in the city this morning, in the persons of B. W. Cameron and J. Hunter, of the Wellington, B. C., Cycling Club. Interest in the big C. W. A. meet to be held at Winnipeg on September 5 and 6 is increasing, and the attendance will be large, providing the weather is favorable.

Prof. Saunders, who is now in the city, is inquiring into the matter of fruit shipments from British Columbia. It is hoped his report may be beneficial to the trade.

The final lacrosse match for the city championship was played to-day between the Winnipeg and Victoria, and was won by the latter by 3 to 2.

At a meeting of the Western Canada Lacrosse association, it was decided that the match recently played between the Rat Portage team and the Victorias, protested owing to Cane and Doyle not having residential qualifications, should be annulled and played over again at Winnipeg on September 2nd or 3rd.

SWELLS ON SERVICE.

Sons and Nephews of Many Distinguished British Public Men in General Kitchener's Force.

London, Aug. 27.—General Kitchener's force operating on the Nile contains an unusual number of sons and nephews of distinguished men. Lord Roberts, Lord Salisbury, General Sir Evelyn Wood, the Earl of Derby, Lord Medway, the Earl of Lauderdale, and Lord Loch, have each a son in the Sudan. The Earl of Durham has two nephews there and General Lord Wolseley, commander-in-chief of the army, has one.

OPERATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

Heavy Demand in New York Offsets Bear Influences—Silver Active in London.

New York, Aug. 27.—The hours manifested considerable confidence that a reaction in the prices of stocks was due to-day and they sold at the opening advance and carried the market at one time to a point above last night's close.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

James Bay Club Return Thanks—Wellington Cyclists Arrive—Fruit Shipments.

Winnipeg, Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The following message was received yesterday from the James Bay Club, captain of the Winnipeg Rowing Club: "At a largely attended meeting to welcome home our senior four, a hearty vote of thanks to your club and the citizens of Winnipeg, for your generous treatment of our boys, was passed unanimously, and we are directed to wire you accordingly." This was signed by the president and secretary-treasurer.

The first of the riders from outside the province to reach the city to compete for the amateur wheeling championships of Canada arrived in the city this morning, in the persons of B. W. Cameron and J. Hunter, of the Wellington, B. C., Cycling Club. Interest in the big C. W. A. meet to be held at Winnipeg on September 5 and 6 is increasing, and the attendance will be large, providing the weather is favorable.

Prof. Saunders, who is now in the city, is inquiring into the matter of fruit shipments from British Columbia. It is hoped his report may be beneficial to the trade.

The final lacrosse match for the city championship was played to-day between the Winnipeg and Victoria, and was won by the latter by 3 to 2.

At a meeting of the Western Canada Lacrosse association, it was decided that the match recently played between the Rat Portage team and the Victorias, protested owing to Cane and Doyle not having residential qualifications, should be annulled and played over again at Winnipeg on September 2nd or 3rd.

Sons and Nephews of Many Distinguished British Public Men in General Kitchener's Force.

New York, Aug. 27.—The hours manifested considerable confidence that a reaction in the prices of stocks was due to-day and they sold at the opening advance and carried the market at one time to a point above last night's close.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

James Bay Club Return Thanks—Wellington Cyclists Arrive—Fruit Shipments.

Winnipeg, Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The following message was received yesterday from the James Bay Club, captain of the Winnipeg Rowing Club: "At a largely attended meeting to welcome home our senior four, a hearty vote of thanks to your club and the citizens of Winnipeg, for your generous treatment of our boys, was passed unanimously, and we are directed to wire you accordingly." This was signed by the president and secretary-treasurer.

The first of the riders from outside the province to reach the city to compete for the amateur wheeling championships of Canada arrived in the city this morning, in the persons of B. W. Cameron and J. Hunter, of the Wellington, B. C., Cycling Club. Interest in the big C. W. A. meet to be held at Winnipeg on September 5 and 6 is increasing, and the attendance will be large, providing the weather is favorable.

Prof. Saunders, who is now in the city, is inquiring into the matter of fruit shipments from British Columbia. It is hoped his report may be beneficial to the trade.

The final lacrosse match for the city championship was played to-day between the Winnipeg and Victoria, and was won by the latter by 3 to 2.

At a meeting of the Western Canada Lacrosse association, it was decided that the match recently played between the Rat Portage team and the Victorias, protested owing to Cane and Doyle not having residential qualifications, should be annulled and played over again at Winnipeg on September 2nd or 3rd.

Sons and Nephews of Many Distinguished British Public Men in General Kitchener's Force.

New York, Aug. 27.—The hours manifested considerable confidence that a reaction in the prices of stocks was due to-day and they sold at the opening advance and carried the market at one time to a point above last night's close.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "Considering that the settlement is to begin on Monday next, the London market here today was decidedly firm. Americans were again notably strong, the feature being the rise in Washington Pacific and American & Rio Grande shares. It is expected that the settlement will show a much larger account in Americans, the amount carried for the day being decided by the market.

A number of prominent stocks showed vigorous resistance to the declining market, and were important factors. Most conspicuous were the U. S. stocks. The common rose 3/4 on the opening demand, and sold down nearly a point on the reaction, but the recovery carried it up to a point above last night's figures. The closing was somewhat irregular. Some stocks showing effects of renewed buying, while others suffered from continued profit taking.

VERY NARROW MARGIN

Nanaimo Won the Cricket Match From Trinity College by One Run.

The Victoria Wheelmen Enjoy an Outing at Beaver Lake Yesterday.

The cricket match between the Nanaimo team and eleven of the old boys of Trinity College, Port Hope, played on the Barracks cricket grounds yesterday afternoon, resulted in a win for Nanaimo by one run after a most exciting game. The Trinity College boys went to bat first and owing to the fine stand made by Rogers and Harvey the score reached 60 before Harvey was bowled for a well played 37. The next four wickets soon fell but Rogers continued to play well and was not dismissed till he had made 60 by very fine cricket. The innings close for 122, Plunkett carrying his bat for 13, Quine and Walton sharing the bowling honors.

On Nanaimo going to bat the first four wickets fell for 45, only Owen being able to reach double figures. Hilton improved matters by hitting up 17. Walton came in and hit up 20, including several hits for four each. Bamford and Gillard each played well for 21 respectively but still four runs were wanted when Green came in. Green was equal to the occasion and made the winning hit, leaving Nanaimo victorious by one run. The Nanaimo team was to have played the R.M.A. but the latter being unable to get up a team, the Trinity boys took their place and the R. M. A. placed their grounds at the disposal of the players. The score follows:

NANAIMO.
J. Calverley, b. Harvey..... 5
A. F. Owen, b. Rogers..... 13
J. D. Quine, b. Harvey..... 7
H. Hilton, b. Rogers..... 17
H. Hilton, b. Martin..... 17
H. Walton, b. Rogers..... 29
C. Bamford, c. Rogers, b. Harvey..... 21
G. Gillard, b. Martin..... 21
W. Hodgson, c. Martin, b. Rogers..... 17
W. E. Green, b. Rogers..... 4
T. Teague, not out..... 0
Extras..... 0
Total..... 123

TRINITY COLLEGE.
D. M. Rogers, b. Quine..... 60
R. Harvey, b. J. Hodgson..... 37
A. F. E. Irving, b. Walton..... 0
E. A. Wragge, b. Quine..... 0
W. A. Ward, b. Quine..... 0
G. Bamford, b. Walton..... 0
O. Plunkett, not out..... 13
G. E. Powell, c. and Quine..... 2
W. H. Langley, b. Walton..... 0
W. H. Langley, b. Walton..... 0
Extras..... 0
Total..... 122

THE KENNEL.
Bench Show.
The fifth annual bench show of the British Columbia Kennel Club of New Westminster will be held at New Westminster from October 5 to 8. The club has been affiliated with the Canadian Kennel Club, so that dogs winning prizes will be given an official standing. It has been decided to increase the prizes this year, giving \$3 for firsts, \$2 for seconds and \$1 for thirds, in all classes. A number of special prizes have also been offered and an effort will be made to secure exhibits from all parts of the country.

BASEBALL.
To Meet Nanaimo.
The Maple Leaves are getting in form to leave for Nanaimo on September 5, when they meet the Stars of that city in the decisive championship game of the season.

THE WHEEL.
Club Run.
The second run of the C.C.C. series was held yesterday at the city waterworks, where a most enjoyable time was spent. After being instructed in the workings of the filter beds an adjournment was made to where refreshments ruled supreme. The run ended at the club room at 8:30, with everybody tired but convinced of the success of the day.

HERE AND THERE.
While out for a spin on Burrard inlet a few days ago, Bob Johnston collided with a log, badly damaging his new Clasper shell. It will take several days to repair it.

There is a possibility of the two speedy trotters, Carry C. and Snolmish Boy, meeting in a match race shortly.

The members of the Victoria fire department claim a four-oared crew which, although not equal to the "Big Four," can, they say, defeat any crew picked from the employees of the Albion Iron Works and they have issued a challenge to that effect.

TID WHEEL.
Out of the Common.
The members of the C. C. C. have had issued to them a road run card for the autumn that is a little out of the ordinary, and a trophy of gold and silver. It is printed in the club colors, green and gold, and is varied with quotations from Shakespeare and Milton leading to the conclusion that the road run is a very pleasant and healthy wheel, and some of the incidental annoyances as well as the pleasures of cycling.

"MANAUENSE" STILL TIED UP.
Heavy Damages To Be Claimed From The Passengers Who Started the Litigation.
The steamship Manauense is still lying in the inlet at Vancouver under arrest by the marshal who holds the admiralty warrant. The writ and warrant were issued simultaneously at the instance of the passenger Mr. Cook, who appeared in person. The action has had the effect of preventing the vessel from sailing on August 23rd as advertised.

Captain Edwards has canceled all his contracts and was unable to place the ship on the berth, consequently his losses are considerable in addition to the daily expense of keeping a ship and crew idle for so long. Mr. Cook is a gentleman of means and has extensive interests in several commercial undertakings in Huddersfield, so that if the verdict is adverse to Mr. Cook, Captain Edwards has prospect of compensation.

It is almost impossible to imagine that such a condition of affairs could exist. The whole trouble is attributable to the absence of an executive authority to undo the proceedings commenced by Mr. Cook. It is understood that Mr. Justice McColl will deal with the case now he has been appointed. The president of the Board of Trade, Vancouver, has taken the greatest interest in the case, and has urged the minister of justice at Ottawa to move in the matter and get the ship liberated.

STYLISH HATS, choice patterns in Shirts and Neckwear, at W. & J. Wilson's.

Paint? Paint?? Paint???

That is the question.
Whether it is better in the end to suffer the sorrows and disappointments that poor paint will bring, or at the start provide the best that can be bought and end it there.

There is but one best, and that is THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT.
With Paint you will need Brushes and perhaps Varnishes. These and all Painters' Supplies are to be found at

PETER McQUADE AND SONS
78 Wharf Street.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Chatter, from Vancouver:
G. O. Woods, Colindale & Co.
G. R. Jackson, Thorpe & Co.
Schmidt Bros., McGregor & Sons
Gov. Pige. Office, W. L. Savory.
Wm. Smith, M. R. Smith.
J. Hood, Martin & Robertson.
J. G. Elliott, M. Bartley.
Beary & Co., Dom. Exp. Co.
Vict. Brewery, C. C. Hinton.
Hudson Bay Co., T. J. Evans.
T. McEwen, Speed Bros.
J. N. McKay.

Per Str. City of Kingston, from the Sound:
Weller Bros., L. Goodacre.
A. R. Johnston & Co., H. E. Levy.
Geo. Carter, R. Dunsinuir.
D. H. Chumbranes, C. C. Hinton.
Turner Repton & Co., H. V. C.
Chas. Ritcher, A. McGregor & Sons.
Yalo & Brooks, B. & Ker Milling Co.
Union Broom Co., Hickman-Tye Co.

PASSENGERS.
Per Str. Chatter, from Vancouver:
Sir. C. H. Tupper, Lady Tupper.
T. R. Smith, Rev. P. C. L. Harris.
T. Richards, G. W. Booth.
Dr. G. F. Merritt, Jos. Clark.
Jos. Mason, J. B. Boffy.
S. B. Carpenter, Stanley Morris.
W. M. Brison, Miss A. Carter.
Jno. Taylor, A. B. Cross.
T. B. Pleson, R. L. Drancy.
Mrs. Gill, Mrs. Wilson.
T. K. Wilson, Mr. Munro.
W. Bowman, A. W. Ross.
T. McEwen, W. H. Wilson.
W. Wakefield.

Per Str. City of Kingston, from the Sound:
A. S. Kline, J. Williams.
J. A. McDonald, W. A. Davis.
G. B. Sexton, Miss McDonald.
G. B. Sexton, Mrs. Sexton.
F. P. Fute, Mrs. Fute.
A. V. Watt, C. D. Cheatwood.
Mrs. Cheatwood, A. O. Thomas.
Mrs. Vincent, J. W. Baxter.
W. M. Eby, Jno. Parker.
Mrs. Reed, Mrs. C. J. Jackson.
J. A. Fullenweider, G. W. Barrett.
Mrs. Black, Miss Lucas.
J. H. Fox, W. A. Percy.
C. A. Butler, Chas. Butler.
Mrs. Smith, A. L. Smith.
L. Marks, J. E. Butler.
M. B. Hill, R. H. Shipman.
Edw. Mozart, H. D. Burnett.
Jas. Lewis, Mrs. Lewis.
W. Staples, N. Cameron.
Mrs. Jno. G. ree, Mrs. A. Clark.
Miss Steele, W. Barrie.

Diplomat—A person who doesn't mean what he means for others to think he means.
Flattery—Something women think much more of than men do, but believe much less in—Chicago News.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
SHAW & DICKINSON,
Flour Feed, Hay and Grain
Owners Steam Freight Bonanza
93 JOHNSON ST

ST. ALICE WATER
FROM
Harrison Hot Springs
PER
THORPE & CO., LTD.
Sole Agents.
VICTORIA. VANCOUVER.
Box 175 NELSON. Tel. 435.

TO LET OR LEASE.
TO LET—A six-roomed furnished house; rent \$12.00 per month to steady tenant. Apply 111 Blanchard.
TO LET—A house with six rooms, two lots, bay windows; Fernwood road. Apply 5 Centre road, Spring Ridge.
TO RENT—In private house, comfortable furnished rooms with board or breakfast only; terms moderate to permanent boarders; bath, 6 Blanchard street.
TO LET—Commodious brick premises suitable for warehouse or machine shop; in two blocks of the new post office. Can be had on lease for four years at \$35 per year. Call on J. W. More & Co., Agents, 80 Government St.
FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with board; also use of bath. Apply at 31 Rae st.
TO LET—Convenient cottages, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; \$8 also 4 rooms, \$3 including water, with pasture for cow and chickens; two blocks from car. Apply 91 Fort street.
LOST OR FOUND.
LOST—A pair of eyeglasses, a fine gold chain attached. Finder will please leave at this office.
LOST—A grey cat, with red brand; from the Criterion Beer Hall, Saturday afternoon. The finder will be rewarded on returning same.
LOST—On 17th inst., Collo dog. Owner will pay expenses on returning to 15 Humboldt street.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

The British Empire, with its recent extensions in the form of protectorates and spheres of influence, has an area of nearly four Europe, public revenues of 260 millions sterling (without counting the vast sums raised in the United Kingdom for local rates), a population of 400 millions, and half the sea-borne trade of the world. It stands at the top of almost every scale by which Powers are estimated, except indeed as regards its military strength in land forces; the total war strength of the British Empire, apart from armed police, being almost exactly the same as the peace footing of the Russian empire—namely, 950,000 men. The British Empire produces almost every requirement of man, and stands first among the Powers in wheat, wool, timber, tea (as far as value goes—having displaced China), coal and iron (in both of which the United States runs us close, and, perhaps now, gold). The doubt as to gold may come as a surprise to some of our goldfields in Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Canada, India, and even British Guiana, the Gold Coast, and some of our smaller colonies, are so well advertised that it is a little startling to find that the United States, who do not talk much about their gold in present times, still produce almost as much as we do in our whole empire, and that Russia produces half as much. Not only is there a close race as regards iron between ourselves and the United States, but in steel they have now beaten us out of the field. In silver we are nowhere as compared with the United States. In precious stones, and most of the minerals besides those which I have named, we stand first. In tobacco we stand second to Spain; and in coffee, sugar, and other articles we stand very high. With regard to sugar, the wails of the West Indian planters have made many think that our sugar industry has been destroyed by the bounties of the Protection Powers; but, whilst West Indian sugar has been pining, British sugar raised in Fiji, in Queensland, and in some other colonies, has been increasing fast in bulk, and there is not that falling off in total production which might be expected, to judge from the complaints.

The colonizing mania which has seized on Germany and France, and had seized on the Italians, who have recovered after a bad fit, cannot confer on France and Germany an empire similar to our own, because the best places are already in British hands. German colonization has up to the present time been singularly unsuccessful; French colonization has at great cost added an enormous African territory to the dominions of the French republic, but one which is unlikely to yield a fair return upon the efforts which it has involved. The only country which possesses a domain which can be compared with our own is Russia, which not only has an enormous amount of agricultural and mineral resources in her Asiatic territory, but has the immense advantage over us of possessing that territory in a contiguous form, and being practically impregnable and almost unassailable by her enemies. The position which we should hold, had we, as we ought to have, a fleet absolutely supreme against every possible combination, belongs to Russia without the expenditure of money upon ships. She could not be vitally damaged even if her army were far smaller than it is, and as matters stand she could hardly be hurt at all.

The immense wealth of the United States and the energy of her people make her a more formidable rival than mere extent of territory would imply, for in extent of territory the United States is but equal to Canada or to Australia. Of Canada a large extent is subject to a heavy winter or is actually barren. On the other hand, she possesses not only the vast agricultural resources which are known, but mineral resources of which we know as yet but little, and which may possibly be found to rival those of the United States. The American Union may in time come to exert a leadership over the whole of Central and South America, and in this way may bring within her orbit a much larger territory and resources, indefinitely greater than her own; but there is a good deal of resistance, although probable, may lie a long way ahead. The development of Russia, though rapid, is not likely to be more rapid than our own. But that Germany and France can continue to go the pace of the other Powers is hardly to be supposed, while no other country is worth naming in the comparison. The influence of our laws and race in the future of the world are a point of dispute. They are continued by the rival Power of the United States, and might happen to the fabric of the British Empire, Austria could not be destroyed; and the position of Australia and New Zealand in the southern hemisphere and in the Pacific must color the future of half the world.

The British Empire outside the United Kingdom of which I have to write consists, of course, of the Indian empire, of the eleven self-governing colonies, and of the Crown colonies, and, in addition to these, of many protectorates and spheres of influence, some of which are under the control of the Foreign, some of the Colonial, and some of the Indian offices. Their strange and divergent forms of government I shall contrast in the next chapter. It is not easy to form an impression of the extent of our Empire across the seas. Many of the stations, such as Gibraltar and Malta, are held for military reasons, and can hardly be looked upon in any light except as being on the same footing as our fleets. With regard to many of our coaling stations, it is difficult to allot the military expenditure which belongs to them as portions of the Empire and that which it expended, because they are necessary to the protection of our sea-borne trade, which trade might exist and flourish even if we had no dependencies across the seas. So, too, with the cost of the French and German colonies; it is not easy to say what it is. Algeria is in some degree governed as though it were a part of France itself, and military expenditure in Algeria, which is very great, cannot be separated from the expenditure of the French land forces at home, because the army corps which, in time of peace, is stationed in Algeria, is utilized in Europe in time of war, and its place taken by territorial levies, supposing that the sea communications of France with Algeria are not cut, as they might be cut by a British fleet. The French expenditure upon colonies is on a much higher scale than our own, and money has been poured forth like water by France in the French Sudan or back country of Senegal. It has been computed that the French colonies cost over a million sterling in addition to the expenditure from the estimates of the War office and Ministry of Marine. The German colonies, which are mainly new and chiefly African, also cost a large sum of money for every year's results. The German trade with the German colonies is very small, and the German civil population in German colonies almost non-existent. No country possesses a dominion, which in the least resembles India, and a comparison with the Russian Cau-

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M.D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THOMAS EARLE

Wholesale Grocer
and Importer....

92, 94 and 97 Wharf St. Victoria B.C.

KLONDYKE AND MINERS' OUTFITS

Goods Suitably Packed for Transportation by
Sleighs or Otherwise. Requisite Custom
House Papers Prepared Free of Charge.

casus and Siberia, taken together, would more fit the case of India than any comparison with the colonies or dependencies of any European nation.

The moral to be drawn from the circumstances which have been described is that the growth in the popular mind of the idea of what, in his admirable "History of British Colonial Policy," Mr. Hugh Egerton calls "a world-empire, sea-girt, and resting on the command of the sea," forms, as he says, an answer to the resurgence of militarism amongst the Continental Powers.

To the marvellous Empire, of which I have named the leading statistical facts, the name of Greater Britain is now often given, although in common use it is applied only to that empire with the designation of the United Kingdom. When I first used the term in writing, in 1866-7 the books which I published under that title in 1868, I concluded under Greater Britain the countries inhabited by our race, and having our speech and our common law, which are under a different political flag. Popular usage is, however, too strong to give any support to a possible attempt to use the term Greater Britain as I first used it in 1868 for the countries of English speech and English law in addition to those of British rule, and as Mr. Egerton says of the British Empire "Perhaps the words 'Greater Britain' best describe the new point of view. A world-empire, the separate parts of which are being more and more closely linked by the discoveries of science, enjoying in each separate part absolute independence, connected not by coercion of paper bulwarks, but by common origin and sympathies, by a common loyalty and patriotism, and by common efforts after common purposes, such, amidst much to alarm and to disturb, is the apparent outcome of history, the colonial policy with which Great Britain will enter upon the untrodden paths of a new century." The phrase "Greater Britain" if it is not thoroughly clear to us at home, is still less understood abroad. Those who profess to understand it in foreign countries find it exasperating, and those who are called upon to translate it into a foreign tongue meet with difficulty. Last winter, for instance, the Figaro rendered the phrase into French and back again by way of making it clear—"La Plus Grande Bretagne—the Highest Britannia."

The question how far this strange empire, of which we find ourselves more or less in possession by a process of historical accretion, can be more closely knit together is one which has not unnaturally occupied the best minds of the country. The better the impulse and the more poetic the soul of the statesman concerned, the more likely he is to conceive a close union not only as desirable but possible. The more he knows the component parts of the Empire, and especially India, one the one hand, and the

great self-governing colonies of Australia on the other, the more inclined he is to doubt the feasibility of a nearer connection, unless it be merely one for purposes of defence. Proposals for a political union, legislative or even administrative, have recently declined in favor; and were for a time replaced by plans for a customs union which themselves seem to have seen their best days, and which we shall discuss in the conclusion.

The closer union of the Empire for the purposes of defence is well within view, and war would rapidly bring it into shape. Why, however, it may be asked, should we wait for that calamity to take steps which all concerned admit would be taken then? Not only are our military forces organized as regards any close connection between the forces of the self-governing, of the home country, and of India, but even in the territories which are administered from home there is an increasing want of unity of action. The foreign office for some time has had its armies in British East Africa, in Uganda, and in the General African protectorate. The colonial office has long had some military forces of its own, and the war office command, and has this year greatly increased them by the creation of the West Africa Frontier force. Surely the time has come for welding these armies, the Indian army and the armies of the self-governing colonies, into one great force, so far as general direction goes. As for fleets, the Australian colonies contribute towards a local squadron, which, however, the admiralty is not allowed to move upon intelligible principles of maritime strategy. The Cape has recently offered to contribute an ironclad ship without restriction, and the only counter-proposal in South Africa, which has been made by the Dutch leader, Mr. Hofmeyer, is itself a proposal for large assistance towards a most pressing matter of Imperial defence—a British cable to the Cape, instead of the present detached cables, which, all of them, touch foreign land.

In the next article I shall treat of the Indian Empire; and shall contrast with its autocratic forms the strangely divergent systems of government which flourish in other parts of the Queen's dominions.

CHARLES W. DILKE.

MONTAGUE, OF DUNVILLE,
CURED OF ULCERATED ITCHING PILLS.

Mr. Robert Montague, of Dunville, Ont., writes:—"Was troubled with itching piles for five years and was so badly ulcerated they were very painful, so much so that I could not sleep. I tried almost every medicine known when I was recommended to use Dr. Chase's Ointment. I purchased a box and from the first application got relief. Have used two boxes and am now completely cured."

Victoria to Dawson & Tagish Gold Fields

THE STEEL STEAMSHIP **AMUR** WILL LEAVE PORTER'S WHARF

Thursday, August 25, for Skagway, Wrangel and Way Ports

Connecting with Steamers

Ora, Nora and Flora Leaving Bennett Every 3 Days to Dawson

The Steamer Nora leaves Bennett every day for Tagish Gold Fields.

THE ARCTIC EXPRESS COMPANY, carrying the Canadian and American mails. Prompt delivery of parcels and letters guaranteed. Apply.

BENNETT LAKE & KLONDIKE NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED
39 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.



CUT RATES

Only \$10.00 second class and \$20.00 first class to Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie and Morris, Manitoba, and St. Paul, Duluth, and Minneapolis.

Only \$21.50 second class, and \$31.50 first class to Chicago.

Only \$25.00 second class, and \$35.00 first class to Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York, Buffalo, etc.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent

S. S. "GUTH" will sail to

Shoal Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Wrangel, Skagway and way ports

on the 4th and 10th OF EVERY MONTH From Outer Wharf.

For rates and particulars apply to HALL, GOSPEL & CO., Agents, Victoria.

WASHINGTON & ALASKA S.S. CO., FOR ALASKA

The Company's Elegant Steamer

"City of Seattle"

The favorite passenger steamer will leave VICTORIA, B.C., on her regular run for VANCOUVER, B.C., WRANGEL, JUNEAU, SKAGWAY, DYE, etc., on or about

Aug. 27, Sept. 8, 20 and Oct. 2 and every twelve days thereafter.

For freight and passage and all information add address

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,

63 Government street, Victoria, B.C.

Union Steamship Co. of B.C., Ltd.

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

NORTHERN SETTLEMENTS—S.S. COMOX sail from Company's wharf every Tuesday at 9 a.m. for Bowen Island, Howe Sound, Sechart, Jervis Inlet, Fork, Texada Island, Lund, Horseshoe Island, Cortes Island, Head Island, Valdes Island, Shoal Bay, Phillips Arm, Frederick Arm, Thurlow Island, Loughborough Inlet, Salmon River, Port Neville, and sail every Friday at 11 a.m. for way ports and Shoal Bay, calling at Moodyville and North Vancouver Ferry. Freight steamer Capitan and Capitan capacity 200 tons d.w. Tugs and crews always available for towing and freighting business, and cargo storage accommodation on Company's wharf. H. DARLING, Manager Telephone 54. P.O. Box 71.

HONOLULU U. S. A.

The Superb Ocean Liner

"City of Columbia," Carrying the U. S. Mails. Will sail for Honolulu, August 25th

And every 25 days thereafter. For freight or passage apply to Great Northern, Ticket Office—75 Government street. J. H. ROGERS, agent.

Note.—In order to give passengers an opportunity to visit the active volcano of Kilauea, the steamer will stop at Hilo both going and returning.

TO THE GOLD FIELDS

With Safety, Despatch and Comfort.

The British A1 Steamship

"MANAUENSE"

Will sail from Vancouver on TUESDAY - the 23rd August TUESDAY - " 6th Sept. TUESDAY - " 20th Sept.

FOR WRANGEL, DYE AND SKAGWAY

For freight, passage, etc., apply to Vancouver & Dawson Agency, 632 Cordova street, Vancouver, or F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., LTD., Victoria, B. C.

When Going East

Take the

.....DENVER & RIO

GRANDE RAILROAD

Scenic Line of the World

Through personally conducted excursions between Portland, Ore., and Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Boston and New York are run four days of each week.

A ride through the Famous Colorado Scenery. For all information as to rates of fare, etc., call on or address RICHARD HALL, Agt. O. R. & N. Co., Victoria, B.C. R. C. NICHOL, Gen. Agt. D. & R. G. Ry, Portland, Oregon

STICKINE

River Service.

—THE—

Str. "Casca"

will leave

Wrangel, Aug. 1st

and every ten days thereafter for.....

GLENORA

TELEGRAPH CREEK

For rates apply at the office of

Casca Steamboat Comp'y.

43 Fort Street, Victoria.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st,

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS

can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria. LEONARD H. SOLEY, Land Commissioner. Victoria, B. C., June, 1898.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD, RED MOUNTAIN RY.

The Only All-Rail Route, without change of cars, between Spokane, Kootenai and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Kootenai.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY: Leave, 7:00 a.m. Spokane... 7:00 p.m. 10:45 a.m. Rossland... 3:25 p.m. 9:45 a.m. Nelson... 5:20 p.m. Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kootenai and all Kootenai Lake Points. Passengers for Kootenai River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

Commencing Monday, November 1, 1897, the

STEAMER

City of Nanaimo

W. D. Owen, Master

will sail as follows, calling at way ports freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesday, 7 a.m. " Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday 7 a.m. " Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 8 a.m. " Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or storehouse apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station 2nd street.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

The Company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying U.S. mails, leave Victoria, B.C., Aug. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Sept. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, Oct. 1 and every fifth day thereafter. Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C., 10 a.m. August 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, Sept. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Oct. 3 and every fifth day thereafter.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing. R. P. RITHEBT & Co., Agts., Victoria. J. P. TOWNSEND, P. S. Sup't., Seattle. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

Reduced Rates

TO

Europe

FROM

Victoria

1st Class

Rail and Saloon

\$80.00

and upwards

Intermediate

\$56.25

and upwards

2nd Class

Rail and Steerage

\$47.50

and upwards

For Sailing Dates Reservations and all information apply

GEO. L. COURTNEY

General Steamship Agent

Govt. Government & Fort Sts.

ASHOROT, B.C.

CARIBOO and LILLOOET

STAGE TRAVEL

CLINTON and way points, Monday, Wednesday and Friday. All points in CARIBOO, Monday and Friday, connecting with steamer Charlotte at Soda Creek. LILLOOET direct, Monday and Friday. Through and return tickets at reduced rates. Special conveyances furnished.

CHILKOOT PASS

...ROUTE...

The Chilkoot Railroad & Transport Co., the Alaska Railroad & Transportation Co., the Dyea-Klonkito Transportation Co. issue through bills of lading for freight from Dyea to Lake Lind and Klondike and delivery guaranteed. Time, 35 to 45 hours. Persons contemplating making the journey to the gold fields should carefully study the various routes. Distance by the St. Michael's route, 440 miles; distance by the Chilkoot route, 1,550 miles. Time by St. Michael's route, 45 days; time by Chilkoot route, 12 to 15 days. Apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,

64 Government Street

R. P. RITHEBT & CO., Ltd., Agents P.C.S.S. CO., Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

C. P. Navigation Co. Ltd.

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

TIME TABLE NO. 85

Takes effect June 20 1898.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's and Lulu Island—Sunday at 22 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Fender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month. And for Skidgate on 10th of each month.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamers leave weekly for Wrangel, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING MANA, G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

CHAS. HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer

92 Government St., Victoria

The Largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

ALASKA PACIFIC EXPRESS CO.

The only Express Company operating between

VICTORIA, B.C., and Dyea, Juneau

and Sitka, Skagway, Wrangel

and intermediate points.

Reasonable rates on BULLION, SPECIE MERCHANDISE, Etc

E. E. Blackwood, Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

City Ticket Office

75 Government Str

Leave—Via "S.S. KINGSTON"—Arrive.

8 a.m. 6 a.m.

Connecting at Seattle with Overland Express

J. H. ROGERS, Agent

S. S. MOANA sails via Honolulu & Australia for Sydney, Wednesday, Sept. 7, at 2 p.m. For Coogardie, Australia, and Cape town, S. Africa.

J. D. SPENCER & BROS. CO., Agents, San Francisco.

R. P. RITHEBT & Co., Agents, Victoria, B.C.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 31.

To take effect at 7 a.m. on Sunday, March 28 1898. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH—READ DOWN.

	Daily	Sat'day & Sun.
--	-------	----------------

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 28, 1898.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S POSITION.

The published correspondence between the Lieutenant-Governor and his late advisers is so lengthy and contains such a mass of details that it cannot be dealt with in a single article, without trespassing upon the good nature of readers. The actual points involved are not many, and we shall endeavor to make them clear in a series of short articles. We believe the result of such treatment will establish that the Lieutenant-Governor has utterly misconceived his official powers, has departed wholly from constitutional usage and established precedent and set at defiance the will of the people constitutionally expressed. The matter is of such extreme importance that we hope Colonist readers will bear with us if it forms the chief topic of editorial discussion in this paper for several days.

After everything else has been given its full weight, we find the Lieutenant-Governor relying for the justification of his act upon the result of the late elections. We shall show in other articles that he shifts his ground in the course of the letters, but the correspondence leaves upon the mind of the reader the conviction that, if the elections had given Mr. Turner a pronounced majority he would not have interfered. On this point we quote his own words. On July 14th, five days after the election, he wrote:

"I cannot look on the result of the general elections in this province, held on the 9th instant, as other than adverse to your administration, and an expression of want of confidence on the part of the people."

On August 8th he repeats this opinion, and adds that the result of the Cassiar election "would not reverse the verdict of the electorate," and he expressly declares that in calling for the resignation of his ministers he is "acting on what I consider the verdict of the electorate." Later in the same letter he says: "For as I would not feel justified in granting you another dissolution and appeal to the electorate, and as after a careful consideration of the situation I am convinced that you could not command a majority of the assembly, I shall not put the province to the delay or to the expense of a special session of the legislature, merely for the purpose of formally demonstrating to you what has already been sufficiently demonstrated to me by the general election." In his letter to Mr. Beaven, His Honor says that his action "is taken in view of the result of the general elections." Writing to Mr. Semlin, the Lieutenant-Governor said, that in calling upon Mr. Beaven he "was of course aware that he was no longer leader of the ascendant party, with which yourself and Mr. Joseph Martin are prominently identified." He then goes on to say: "From the best information I could obtain it was made to appear to me that there was no recognized leader of the party since the general election on the 9th ultimo, it being divided into two factions supporting respectively the claims of yourself and Mr. Martin to leadership." In the same letter he refers to information received from Mr. Martin that "no division exists in the ascendant party." In his letter of the 25th to Mr. Turner, His Honor complains that except for casual telephone messages, he was left to form his ideas of how the elections had gone from the press reports and he complains that up to that time he had received no report of how the elections had gone, although he says the statement was made to him by Mr. Turner that the latter would not have a majority in the new house. We propose to demonstrate that the Lieutenant-Governor made up his mind to act before he could possibly have known what he calls "the verdict of the electorate."

The above extracts show that the Lieutenant-Governor undertook for himself to determine how the elections had gone and announced his conclusion as early as July 14th, five days after the election, and before he or any one else could possibly have known the result, as two of the elections for Cassiar had not been held and there were recounts pending in several constituencies. Indeed he must have reached this conclusion on the 13th instant, for on that day he directed the Private Secretary to return to the Provincial Secretary a memorandum recommending two matters, in order that one of them, the recommendation of an appointment, might be eliminated from it, the reason of such action being stated in his own letter of the next day, that the result of the elections was adverse to Mr. Turner. The dates are material to the argument.

Thus we see that on Wednesday following the Saturday on which the election was held, His Honor had already reached the conclusion that the result of the general election was adverse to the administration. This is the crucial point of the case, and it is important to have the facts bearing upon it exactly. On July 13th complete returns had not been received from Cariboo or Alberni. The Lieutenant-Governor says he relied upon the press for his information. The latest therefore that he had was what was contained in the Colonist of that morning, by which it appeared that the result of the Cariboo election was in

doubt, because Quesnelle Forks and three other polling places had not been heard from. It was also stated in the Colonist that a recount was proceeding in North Yale, with the prospect of Mr. Martin getting the seat. The result of the recount in Nelson had not been announced; no word had come from South East Kootenay and the Cassiar election had not been held. Therefore the information which the Lieutenant-Governor had received up to the 13th was as follows:

Constituencies returning government supporters: Victoria, South Victoria, Esquimalt, Cowichan, North Nanaimo, Comox, Dewdney, New Westminster, East Yale, South East and North East Kootenay and West Lillooet—17 members.

Constituencies returning opposition supporters: Nanaimo, South Nanaimo, Vancouver, Richmond, Delta, Chilliwack, West Yale, Revelstoke, Siccan, Rossland and East Lillooet—14.

Constituencies in which a recount was in progress: North Yale and Nelson—2.

Constituencies from which returns were incomplete and result uncertain: Cariboo and Alberni—3.

Constituency in which no election had been held: Cassiar—2.

Thus on July 13, according to the press reports, the result stood: Government, 17; opposition, 14; uncertain, 7. And remember that all the information the Lieutenant-Governor had was what he got from the press.

Here we have it mathematically demonstrated that it was impossible for the Lieutenant-Governor to have known the result of the election on July 13th sufficiently to have warranted him in concluding that it was "an expression of want of confidence" in Mr. Turner's administration. Nor could he by any possibility have been in possession of the requisite knowledge on that day to enable him properly and conscientiously to form any conclusion whatever. On July 13th, when the Lieutenant-Governor refused the advice of his ministers as to an appointment, there was not a man in British Columbia, who could say with certainty that the government would not have a good working majority. And yet His Honor chose on that day to resolve to reject the advice of his ministers. There are other points in the extracts above made, which call for comment, but it is not desirable to make this article as long as it would have to be, if they were discussed. We have aimed to establish only one position to-day, namely, that the date of the first letter in the correspondence completely upsets the whole case upon which the Semlin ministry must rely in defending the Lieutenant-Governor's course. All the later letters rest upon this one. They fall to the ground when this letter is overthrown. Therefore as the Lieutenant-Governor's reason for refusing the advice of his ministers could not have been that the people had expressed want of confidence in them, as he says, his refusal stands wholly unexplained and unexcused.

TWO MINOR MATTERS.

It was not the intention of the Colonist to have made any reference at this time to the references in the Lieutenant-Governor's letter to orders-in-council, to which he had objected, being submitted to him, in the hope that they might be signed inadvertently, and to the allegation that blank warrants were sent him for signature. We scarcely intended to refer to this branch of the subject at all, but the Times having dwelt upon it, we may as well dispose of it now as at any time. What the Lieutenant-Governor calls blank warrants are, in point of fact, not warrants at all, though they are usually so-called. They are requisitions for payments, of which the Auditor-General keeps a list on hand, in the form of pads, like pads of letter-paper. If the Lieutenant-Governor should accidentally sign the bottom requisition in a pad of five hundred, it would not make the slightest difference, for the requisitions simply give the details of the amounts mentioned in the order-in-council accompanying them. The Lieutenant-Governor expresses his surprise that the blank warrants have not been called for. He might, with as much reason, be surprised that when someone makes a memorandum on a sheet of paper in a government department, and carries it away with him, a search warrant does not issue for it. The Lieutenant-Governor doubtless was unaware of the utter uselessness of these blanks, or he would not have mentioned them. On the other point, we have Mr. Turner's denial that orders-in-council to which His Honor had objected were ever re-submitted to him, in the hope that they would be signed inadvertently. As Mr. Turner knows whereof he speaks and the Lieutenant-Governor only surmises, and as to admit the correctness of that surmise would be to hold Mr. Turner guilty of as dishonorable an act as can well be imagined, we prefer, as we are sure the public will, to accept Mr. Turner's denial.

LOOKING OVER THE WALL.

At a service in Montreal, Rev. Dr. Stone told an anecdote to illustrate the advisability of religious denominations learning something about the good points of others. He said there was once a rich man with a fine garden, surrounded by a high brick wall. He thought his garden the finest in the world. One day he heard voices on the other side of the wall, and, led by curiosity, he climbed a ladder that was standing near, and saw, to his surprise, children playing in a garden equally beautiful with his own. There is a very general disposition among people to misjudge what is on the other side of the wall. It is very conspicuous in religious circles. The several denominations are given to sur-

rounding themselves with high walls, which hide completely what others are doing. It is true of the religious world in a wider sense. Christianity, Mahomedanism, Buddhism and all the other great "isms" erect walls against each other. Yet when some curious or venturesome soul peers over the barrier, he is very apt to discover just as fair flowers of truth on one side as on the other. A geologist finds a fossil. It may only be a fragment of bone. But arguing from analogy, he proceeds to construct the living animal to which it belongs, and so accurate is his reasoning that in more than one instance entire skeletons have been discovered which attest to the value of comparative anatomy. The investigator into ancient history finds evidence of learning, great skill, a high degree of refinement and elaborate social organization in races which perished so long ago that we do not even know their names. Analogy teaches that the mental capacity of these races must have been highly developed, and we know that with developed mental capacity there always goes keen philosophical research. And keen philosophical research has, in the case of every people of whom we have historical records, led to the evolution of profound truths. There is scarcely a great thought in the teachings of Christ that cannot be paralleled by thoughts expressed by the great teachers of antiquity. We may thence infer that long prior to historical times men were seeking and succeeding in solving the great problem of man's relations to his fellow and his Creator. We would never imagine this for a moment, if we did not sometimes look over the wall.

What is true of religious systems is likewise true of nations. For example, for centuries China, Japan and Corea refused to look over the wall. Japan was the first to get a glimpse outside, and the result was the most remarkable revolution in history. Corea is looking out, and the enlarged knowledge is beginning to produce its effect. China is indisposed to the effort, but European nations seem inclined to smash the wall down in her case, with results which no man can foresee. Until a few years ago, we might almost say until a few months ago, the people of the United States had their vision bounded by a wall of conceit and prejudice, which would have been insular if it were not colossal. As one American newspaper said, "Other nations think themselves to be the first among the nations of the earth, but Americans know that they occupy the first place." The result of this continual insularity was an insane prejudice against their best friends; but the war with Spain elevated the people above the wall, and the change in public sentiment has been phenomenal. It is the inability to see over the wall which makes France and Germany such failures as colonizers, and it is the readiness to recognize that what may be done in Great Britain may not be done anywhere else—in other words, a recognition that there are gardens the other side of the wall—that has made the British race so successful in settling new regions, and ruling vast populations. The average Briton has his own share of prejudices, and sometimes they are obnoxious enough, but he rarely tries to force them upon other people.

It is true of countries. They ought to look over the wall pretty often. Some one has recently said that more than half the failures of young men are due to their omission to recognize that other young men, with just the same ambitions and just as much ability as they have, are working for just the same objects as they are. A skillful whist player is not satisfied with studying his own hand. He endeavors to decide from his adversaries' play what sort of a hand they hold. So a community should study to ascertain what advantages its rivals have, and endeavor to counter-balance them. Victoria does not pay enough attention to what is transpiring on the other side of the wall of water which surrounds our island. And this reminds us of another story. A man dreamed that he died and went to heaven. He said it was a beautiful place and most of his friends were there, enjoying themselves hugely. At last he missed one with whom he used to be very friendly on earth, and went in search of him. In his search he came to a stone tower, out of which arose sounds of joy. He asked someone what it meant, and was told that in it was a sort of prison, and that the man inside was his missing friend. He came up here, said the angel, and seeing all the rest of his acquaintances having a good time, concluded that this could not be heaven, and spying the prison vacant, he popped down into it, and now he is rejoicing because he is saved, for he thinks all the rest of us are lost. There are cart-loads of philosophy locked up in this story.

Mr. T. R. E. McInnes contributes some literature to the question of the hour. We print it this morning. Mr. McInnes would have been wiser to have written less, and still wiser not to have written at all. A very wise man once remarked: "Oh that mine enemy would write a book." Solomon knew what a mistake it was to put things down in writing. There is an old saying that "a gun is dangerous without lock, stock or barrel, for a man once beat his wife to death with a ramrod," and so a letter may be dangerous if it contains only a date line and signature. It is a terribly risky thing to project one on the public when it takes up two columns of a newspaper on a personal matter.

We are told that Mr. Semlin remains leader of the present government party. On the morning of the Vancouver convention, the Colonist said that it expect-

SOME GOOD THINGS



The Canada Paint Co., Ltd.

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated "AMBERITE" Varnishes Largest Paint, Color and Varnish Works in Canada.

Montreal Toronto Victoria

ed nothing especial to occur at it. The times are not for the gentle manipulator from Manitoba to let his plans become public. When the auspicious hour does arrive, there will be a hot time in the old town for several nights.

The indications are that reciprocity has very little chance of consideration at the International Conference. This will deprive the meeting of most of its interest and value. It may be possible, however, to arrive at a limited measure of reciprocal trade between the two countries, that will not affect the preferential tariff as regards Great Britain.

Last night's despatches indicate that the Colonist was correct in its estimate of the Oriental situation, and that there is to be no war between Great Britain and Russia. This also means that the present acute stage in our relations with China will pass off without serious difficulty.

Someone in Madrid has discovered that American intrigue will stir up Canada against Great Britain, and thus nemesis will visit the latter power for her perfidy to Spain. The ghost of Cervantes must be around these days.

The sockeyes have come at last. We fear it is too late to do any good; but surely if an extension of the open season is asked, it will be granted.

Hon. G. E. Foster's return to the East will be a distinct disappointment to the Conservatives of the Coast, who looked forward to hearing him discuss the federal issues of the hour.

ALASKA'S SALMON PACK.
With the Exception of One River, Has Been a Success This Year.

With the exception of one great river the salmon pack in Northern Alaska this year has been a success. At many of the canneries the pack was considerably greater than last season, but on the Karluk in all Alaska the run has amounted to nothing. At Orea, Cook Inlet and Chignik bay thousands of fine fish were caught, but on the Karluk the hungry salmon kept the canneries hunting for fish.

The season has now closed, and the three companies operating about Prince William sound are beginning to send back their canneries. The total Northern Alaskan pack will be about 225,000 cases. The Pacific Steam Whaling Company, with four canneries, put up about 100,000 cases. The Alaska Packers' Association operated three canneries and put up 85,000 cases. Hume Bros. & Hume, with one cannery, put up 35,000 cases.

Capt. G. L. Humphrey, who brought the steamer Excelsior in from Valdez on Sunday represents the Pacific Steam Whaling Company up north. He is well posted on the cannery business, and said: "The salmon run in Alaska this season has been fair. Most of the canneries were able to pack a few thousand more cases than last year. On the Karluk river, for some unknown reason, canning salmon did not run. There were hump-backed salmon cannery salmon were rare. Our cannery packed 100,000 cases there last season, while this season we got only 30,000 cases. The Karluk has long been considered the best salmon river in Alaska. The hump-backs are bound to run every three or four years, and it is expected that they will not bother us next season. We fished on other rivers around the cannery, or we would hardly have been able to make a pack. "At Orea the pack was fairly good. The Steam Whaling Company's cannery put up 20,000 cases, against 25,000 for last season. Our new cannery on Cook Inlet did well. It has to its credit 20,000 cases. At Chignik bay the run was excellent. All three canneries made a full pack and about the same number of cases, 25,000. The other canneries are owned by the Alaska Packers' Association and Hume Bros. & Hume. "The Alaska Packers' Association ship Centennial has loaded its pack and is bringing the men back to San Francisco. Our ship, the Amorion, had left Orea for Karluk to finish loading before we left for Seattle. The bark J. D. Peters will bring the pack from Chignik bay. On returning north the Excelsior will pick up the Cook Inlet pack and bring back the men remaining at the Inlet and Orea canneries. We will not return for good until late in October. There was not a single incident in connection with the fisheries this season."

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

"THE GEISHA" WILL BE GOOD.

Everything In Line for an Artistic Presentation of this Pretty Opera.

No prettier stage settings have contributed to the success of a production at a local theatre than those which will represent the environs of the Tea House of Ten Thousand Joys and the grounds of the Palace of the Marquis Imari, in connection with the production of "The Geisha" on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The stage will resemble nothing so much as a great garden of many-colored flowers representative of the land of the Mikado and of the Geisha. The opera itself is described as "an excellent little concert in Sydney Grundy's best style," sparkling with wit and bubbling over with merriment, catchy songs and pretty girls. Even the present appearance of the house plan there will be many disappointed in seats, the house already being sold out for the first night, and the seats for Wednesday going fast. A full dress rehearsal is announced for to-morrow evening at 8 when all the ladies and gentlemen taking part are requested to be in attendance sharp on time.

"Mistakes Will Happen." Grant Stewart's new comedy which goes out next season under the management of Jacob Litt and with Henrietta Crossman as leading woman, will make a very extended tour of the country. The comedy will be produced at McVicker's theatre, Chicago, September 28, and will, after its Chicago engagement, be taken immediately to the Coast. It will play as far south as San Diego, and as far north as Victoria before returning to the Eastern country.

Mary Hampton, who plays the heroine in Jacob Litt's revival of Bronson Howard's great military spectacle "Sienkiewitz," is a Kentucky woman, and, coming as she does from the Blue Grass region, knows all about horses. The manner in which Miss Hampton dismounts, without assistance, in the second act should be a lesson to her sister horse-women.

What Dr. A. E. Salter Says.

Buffalo, N.Y.—Gents:—From my personal knowledge, gained in observing the effect of your Shiloh's Cure in cases of advanced Consumption, I am prepared to say it is the most remarkable remedy that has ever been brought to my attention. It has certainly saved many from Consumption. Sold by Cyrus H. Rowes.

FOR SALE



We have several CHOICE FARMS in Saanich, Cowichan and Sooke. Cultivated land in 5 acre blocks suitable for small fruit. Call and inspect our lists

Of Houses to Rent and For Sale.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.,

Established 1890.
28 BROAD STREET.

SPECIAL...

Waltham Watches, Elgin Watches, DuRoi Watches in Solid Silver Cases Warranted ten years \$6

For This Month Only

STODDART YATES STREET

MONEY TO LOAN

First Mortgage Improved Real Estate

Swinerton & Oddy, P. O. Box 63

100 GOV'T ST.

Canadian Yukon Gold Fields

The BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862

Arrangements have now been completed through the Canadian Bank of Commerce enabling this Bank to issue Letters of Credit, Drafts, Etc.,

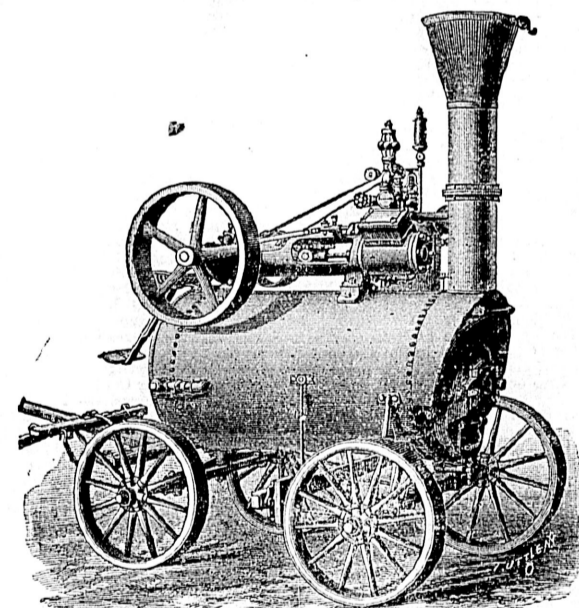
Direct on DAWSON CITY,

(KLONDIKE.)

The Centre of the Yukon Gold Bearing District.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

Limited Liability



Just received a carload of

PORTABLE FARM ENGINES

6 and 8 Horse Power

With iron wheels, not wooden ones, as shown in cut.

Manufactured by the Jas. Lefel & Co., Springfield, Ohio.

These engines are particularly well adapted for farm work, being ample sufficient for running small threshers, feed cutters, grinding mills, etc. The entire boiler is made of steel, and is of the class known as the Cornish Return Tubular Boiler, the safest and most economical boiler made. All kinds of fuel can be used in these boilers. The engine is simplicity itself, and is made of only the very best materials. Our prices for same are very moderate.

We can refer as to their success to some of the best known farmers in B. C. who have bought them from us. We also have some 3 H.P. upright engines by same makers. Call and inspect these engines at Victoria or Vancouver, or send for catalogues and prices.

LAKESIDE HOTEL. TENDERS.

Cowichan Lake

THE FINEST RESORT IN B.C.

"THE FLY FISHING"

Both in the River and Lake is unequalled in the province

Stage Leaves Duncan's E. & N. Railway
Monday, Wednesday and Friday

Price Bros., Props.

TENDERS are invited for the erection of a two-story frame dwelling house on Quesnelle Lake for L. A. Knox, Esq. Plans and specifications may be seen at C. Dobson, Duncan, who will receive tenders until Sept. 3rd, 1898.

"Companies Act, 1897."

Notice is hereby given that Enos Charles Jennings, general agent for the company of the City of Victoria, B. C., has been appointed the attorney for "The Giant Powder Company, Consolidated," in place of Elmer B. Green.

Dated this 19th day of July, A. D. 1898.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

MINING AT MCGILL.

Dr. Porter Gives Some Idea of the Important Work Carried On At the Big Canadian University.

The visit of Dr. J. B. Porter, professor of mining and metallurgy of McGill University, to British Columbia cannot fail to be of benefit to the mining industry of this province as the information he will gather on his trip will naturally be utilized by him in his work at the university in Montreal. He has also been arranging to secure for his department a certain amount of British Columbia ores for the purpose of tests. It must not be forgotten that McGill to-day possesses mining and metallurgical laboratories that have been pronounced the best in existence, due to the munificence of Mr. W. C. McDonald, who gave the university a hand in obtaining the best possible building and equipment regardless of cost.

Just an idea of the completeness of this may be gained by a glance at the photographs in Hibben & Co.'s window showing the chemistry and mining building and several views of the mining department. The milling room is equipped with a complete set of machinery capable of treating ten to twenty tons a day of ore. It has different styles of crushers, stamp mills, rolls, amalgamating plant, jigs and concentrators besides magnetic separators and other varieties of plant. The metallurgical plant has water jacket furnaces, cylinder and reverberatory furnaces, apparatus for leaching, the cyanide process, concentrators and everything necessary to give thoroughly practical instruction and the assaying department is similarly complete. As Dr. Porter explained:

"The machinery in these laboratories

MR. KEITH'S STATEMENT.

Outspoken in Denouncing Mr. Fawcett and Other Klondike Officials.

(From the Victoria Times.)

Mr. Thomas Keith, ex-M. P. P. for Nanaimo, who went into the Canadian Yukon a year ago, and returned a couple of weeks since, is visiting Victoria. Mr. Keith has some interests in the Klondike district which will necessitate his return next month.

Seen this morning by a Times reporter, Mr. Keith said that whatever explanation might be possible, there is no room for question that grave cause exists for dissatisfaction with the laws and the administration of affairs existing in the Canadian Yukon. Mr. Keith is too much of a man of affairs not to be aware that vague general charges suggested, rather than made, are easy of formulation and difficult of refutation. He says that he has no doubt whatever that a competent official with supreme authority, and recognized by other officials as their superior, could with comparative ease effect such changes as would result in the removal of much of that which at present is a crying evil. The conflict in jurisdiction between Major Walsh and Gold Commissioner Fawcett, and the fact that the Major is a politician, and that the other officials are not, are in his opinion, may have been the cause of much of the present trouble.

Pressed to give specific instances of official mismanagement, Mr. Keith said he made none against Major Walsh, beyond holding very firmly to the opinion that the Major either knew of the exist-

· THE WESTSIDE ·

DO YOU WANT TO SEE THE
New Autumn Dress Fabrics?

IF YOU DO HERE'S A
CHANCE OF A LIFETIME!

If you don't here's a chance to
 give your friends a surprise party.

We offer Dress Goods values in order that we may
 become better acquainted.


You and your friends are invited to inspect our new
 goods now showing. See our selections and get quo-
 tations August 27th and following days.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

of standard size throughout, it being the determination of the Department to make the teaching of minimum and metalurgy as practical as possible. Of course the students for degrees get the usual thorough training in mathematics and the other sciences, but the curriculum is so arranged that this pure science work is really completed at the end of the third year of the four years' course. During the vacation following this, the boys are taken to some important min-

powerless or careless to remedy it, or he displayed inexcusable ignorance in not knowing of it.

Of Gold Commissioner Fawcett Mr. Keith speaks more plainly, saying that Keith is "mentally weak, incompetent and dissatisfied with the extraction of gold by an undesirable class of people, to the inconvenience of those worthy of fair treatment and due consideration. Mr. Keith says that Fawcett's office



ment in heavy gold cases.

We have just opened an elegant line of Ladies' Watches in beautifully engraved cases, which are very low in price.

♦♦♦

C. E. REDFERN,
43 Government St.

ESTABLISHED 1862.

ing centre (this year Nova Scotia was chosen) and there given six weeks underground. With this preparation they go to the practice of the profession, and are clearly ready to make the best use of their opportunities and the chief part of their time during the last year is spent in the new laboratories actually using the machinery and furnaces and performing real work.

At the end of the course each student has, therefore, had experience, his milliner

GEO. POWELL & CO.

and amalgamating. Has run concentrators and roasters and has even helped at the melter and chlorination. The value of such experience can not well be overestimated.

Another very important function of these laboratories is the carrying out of tests on a fairly large scale. Work of this sort is already being done in connection with the Dominion geological survey and it is to be hoped that some arrangements will be made for the future to the benefit of such investigations. It is manifestly out of the question for the university to go into general commercial testing, but a considerable quantity

Cheapside, 127 Gov. St.

Granite Fruit Kettles
Crown Fruit Jars
Rubber Rings All Sizes

Such work can be done and in a way that will not cost the public a great deal. Many kinds are needed in considerable quantities for the class work, and when such are offered the department will be glad to test and report on them practically. In fact, in the department is equivalent to doing it free, for the precious metal saved and of course accounted for, and will pay all charges and even render a small profit. Half the cost of the low grade or the cost of a small test, say 500 pounds, would be little and

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

FOR Shippers, Traders, Storekeepers, Auctioneers, "Jobbers."

the result of infinitely more use than many assays for the test would give the actual working value.

Dr. Porter says he is not only for free milling ores as described above, but the complete equipment of the laboratories makes it possible to determine the proportion of concentrates contained in an ore and if desired they can even be smelted, chlorinated or otherwise treated."



Dr. Porter expects to be in Rossland about a week and back in Montreal at work by the middle of September.

DAWSON
and other
Northern Points


WEILER BROS
Stock when purchasing for the northern trade, for 3 reasons at least.

I.—Because, the goods will be ready sellers (we have just the lines you need).

Patrick Monahan, alias Geary, who was arrested on Friday, on a charge of calling a ticket on Oscar Neilson on the San Francisco steamer, and on being taken to the county jail, Dr. Beidel's ticket stowed away on his person, was brought up in the provincial court yesterday, on the charge of being in unlawful possession of the last-named ticket. He was found guilty and re-

II.—Because, we have the largest stock for you to select from (an immense variety).  

III.—Because, we will give the best possible value for your money, and take pride in the way we execute all orders entrusted to us.

WEILER BROS.,  51 to 55 F rt Street.

ment. "The 'Favorite Prescription' restores healthy, regular action to the digestive forces, cures all impurities, strengthens the tissues, allays inflammation. The 'Golden Medical Discovery' breaks up the appetite, helps digestion, promotes assimilation, fills out the hollows in cheeks and neck with good solid flesh and brings back the gladsome glow of childhood. Send for a one-cent stamp to: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Flosser's \$3.00B pure vegetable Sassafras Medical Advertiser, illustrated."

THE FAMILY

Without exception is manufactured by
THE OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., OF
ARMSTRONG, B.C.
A Home Institution. If you want satisfaction use

us especially interested in the apparatus improvised by the pupils. Too much, he said, was frequently done for students, who were perfectly helpless when the conveniences to which they had been accustomed were not available. The assaying outfit also met with the approval of Dr. Porter, who considered highly desirable to train boys—especially boys of this province—in that useful art.

POODLE DOG MENU.			
Sunday, August 28th, 1898.			
From 5:30 p.m. to 8:30.	Price 50cts.		
Kidney Broth.	SOUPS.	Julian.	Consomme.
Boiled Salmon.	FISH.	Parsley Sauce.	
Baked Halibut.	au Gratin.		
Waldorf Salad.	Waldorf Salad.		

BEST

<p>O.K. BRANDS OF FLOUR Hungarian-xxxx-Strong Bakers Graham-Whole Wheat-Best Pastry, Etc.</p>
--

.. FLOUR

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA, E.C.

Victoria has within the past week or gained as a resident a gentleman who has for years been known to the scientific folk of the eastern provinces and states as one of the best of Canada's analytical chemists. This is Mr. F. Best, of St. John, N. B., who has been in the Island several months, but changed his mind on reaching Victoria, and will spend the winter at least in British Columbia. At present	<p>SALAD.</p> <p>Eelster Mayonnaise. Cucumber.</p> <p>BOILED.</p> <p>Ham, Champagne Sauce.</p> <p>ENTREES.</p> <p>Escaloped Oysters.</p> <p>Grilled Mutton Chop au Petit Pois.</p> <p>Kidney Sauté au Champignon.</p> <p>Peach Fritters.</p> <p>ROASTS.</p> <p>Young Island Turkey with Dressing.</p> <p>Polish Pigs of the Forest.</p>	<p>and Writing.</p> <p>Dishes on the table.</p>
---	---	---

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for

FOUR CROWN

is engaged in the classification and arrangement of the specimens in the herbarium of the University of Michigan. Leg of Lamb, Mint Sauce, VEGETABLES.
Succotash. Stewed Tomatoes. Mashed Potatoes.
DRESSINGS.
Blackberry Pudding with Hard Sauce, Custard, Apple, and Ground Cherry Pie. Compote of Siberian Crab Apple. Vanilla Ice Cream. Rose Jelly. Assorted Cold Cuts, Nuts and Raisins. Rockford and Canadian Cheese. Cafe Nord.
Imported Table Wine. State Fair Plate.

SCOTCH WHISKY

Ex-Benicia, Allonby and Agnes Oswald

most celebrated poisoning cases that have come under the attention of the Canadian police authorities, notably the "healy case, and the more recent Carleton place strychnine case, in which a well-known woman was killed by her husband. He has also been a lecturer on the general question of poisoning, and the treatment of water for the corporations at St. John, Moncton and other cities; and in microscopic work—particularly the study of bacteria—for physicians. Until he came West, Mr. West was also lecturer in chemistry at the St. John High school, and one of the most prominent members of the New Brunswick Natural History.

— — ALSO — —

Corby's Rye Whiskey

In Bond and Duty Paid

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

The Great Leader of Champagnes

G. H. MUMM & CO.'S EXTRA DRY

WHILE WORDS TELL, STATISTICS PROVE

..MUMM'S..

The importation of G. H. MUMM & CO.'S EXTRA DRY in 1897 aggregating 72,775 cases, or 42,293 cases more than of any other brand, is certainly the most striking evidence of the great popularity of this famous brand of champagne, and particular attention is called to the fine quality, purity and natural dryness of the wine now coming to this market.

MUMM'S

Royal Warrants have been granted to Messrs G. H. Munn & Co. as Purveyors to

His Majesty the King of Holland.
Her Majesty The Queen of England.
His Majesty The German Emperor.
His Majesty the King of Bavaria.

His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway.

His Majesty the King of Denmark.
His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.
His Majesty the Emperor of Austria.
His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

Natural dryness and the smallest percentage of alcohol constitute the conditions of a wholesome champagne, and as such G. H. MUMM & CO.'S EXTRA DRY has been analyzed and endorsed by Professor R. OGDENPOREUS, DR. THOS. KING CHAMBERS and other most eminent authorities.

Imports of various brands of Champagne into the United States from January 1, 1898, to August 1, 1898, total 118,423 cases. Of this quantity G. H. MUMM & CO. imported 43,369 cases of the EXTRA DRY, or more than one-third of total.

..MUMM'S..

Appreciating the growing tendency for dry champagnes, MESSRS. G. H. MUMM & CO., have retained in their EXTRA DRY the natural dryness, instead of resorting to the addition of alcohol in order to produce dryness, as is the case with some of the so-called Brut wines.

MUMM'S

G. H. MUMM & CO.'S Extra Dry can be obtained at all the first-class hotels, restaurants and refreshment places in British Columbia.

Used at almost all Notable Banquets, Balls, Weddings, Etc.

Sole Agents for British Columbia

PITHER & LEISER, 13 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



Current Comment

PARTY GOVERNMENT.

It will take some time to straighten out the middle in British Columbia politics. Mr. Semlin, the new leader of the government, is a farmer and stock-raiser who has been in the legislature for many years, and is known in politics as a Conservative. He led the opposition in the last legislature, but was not very successful as a leader. Appearances indicate that he will be only the nominal head of the government, and that Mr. Martin, the Attorney-General, will be the controlling man in the cabinet, provided, of course, that the Semlin administration will be able to stand. At the present time the best that Mr. Semlin can claim is half the house, and when he takes a speaker from among his supporters, he will be in a minority. Probably, in the chaotic state of British Columbia politics, he will be able to hold on, if he can have the election trials promptly disposed of. Protests have been entered against over 20 of the 38 members, and in the new elections the government would have the better chance of success. Had party government prevailed in the Pacific coast province, the prevailing condition of affairs could not well exist. Adventurers have not the opportunity in such a case to come to the front, and to jump from side to side, whenever the "inducements" are sufficiently strong.—St. John Globe.

DIVORCE REFORM.

The need of reform in the systems of granting divorces in force in the different states of the Union is attracting considerable attention there, and efforts are being made to establish a consistent and uniform system of divorce law. The passing of such a law does not rest with the United States congress, but with the legislatures of the different states, the result of which is that the enactments dealing with this subject are different states. A convention has been in session this week at Saratoga, being

the eighth annual meeting of the state board of commissioners to promote uniformity in legislation, and the principal subject for its consideration is divorce reform. The plan proposed by the conference is exceedingly simple. A bill embodying the general features of a thoroughly sound divorce law has already been prepared by a committee of lawyers, chosen with special reference to their knowledge of the subject. This measure, after receiving any final revision which the full conference may deem necessary, will then be submitted to the legislatures of all the states, with a recommendation that it be enacted into law. In its completed form, the bill will give social reformers a common ground for agitation, through which popular sentiment can be brought to bear upon the law-making powers of the various states. It is not the purpose of the bill to define the causes for which divorces shall be procurable. That is a matter properly belonging to the states themselves, which each of them is left to regulate in its own way. The chief objects in contemplation are to suppress the granting of fraudulent decrees and prevent a legal divorce regularly procured in one state, from being invalidated by the arbitrary action of the courts in another. The bill, therefore, provides that no application for divorce shall be considered unless the person making it has resided at least two years in the state where suit is instituted. It is also stipulated that the defendant shall be served with process in the state in which proceedings are begun, and that all such cases shall be heard with an examination of witnesses in open court. Reforms such as these, if they can be attained, cannot fail to be productive of good. Owing to the difficulties which attend an application for a divorce in Canada, the only authority to grant such being vested exclusively in parliament, numbers of Canadians resort to the United States to take advantage of the ease with which a divorce can be obtained in some of the states, under the mistaken impression that a divorce so obtained will be legal in this country. We say mistaken impression, believing that such a resort would not be had did a different impression prevail. We hold to the opinion that such divorces, when obtained by Canadians or English who were married in Canada or England, are not valid, and the decisions of our courts confirm this opinion. Should the reforms referred to be carried out, Canadians will find it difficult, if not impossible, to obtain divorces in the United States, and among the good results to flow from them will be to prevent Canadians from obtaining divorces, which, however legal they may be under state jurisdictions, are not so if either of the parties re-marries and returns to Canada. We look upon the divorce laws of some of the states of the Union as equally objectionable with Mormonism, to stamp out which strong efforts have been put forth, and at the same time, we desire to see any law of that country abrogated when it serves as an inducement to the people of this country to violate the laws of the Dominion.—Shareholder.

THE QUEBEC CONFERENCE.

The commissioners of Great Britain, the United States, Canada and Newfoundland are gathering at Quebec, and the conference becomes a matter of public importance. It is ten years since

the last international conference was held on this side of the Atlantic, and on that occasion, although Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Bayard and the other conferees labored faithfully to settle the Atlantic fisheries difficulties, the settlement was contemptuously tossed aside by the Senate of the United States. The present conference assembles under happier auspices than the fisheries commission, because the relations between the United States and Canada are distinctly cordial instead of being dangerously strained, as they were in 1888. The Anglo-American entente is an element that can scarcely be left out of the calculation in estimating the probable result of the gathering. The questions to be dealt with, however, must be considered from the point of view of intelligent self-interest. It is of importance that the two great Anglo-Saxon powers are friends and approach the questions at issue in a friendly way; but Canada does not intend to give up pelagic sealing to the United States as a gift to a friend, nor will the United States enter into a reciprocity treaty merely as an evidence of a neighborly disposition. When the commission settles down to business it will be found that the sealing question will be kept well to the front by the American commissioners and that the abolition of pelagic sealing is regarded by them as the most important concession Canada has in reserve. The Paris tribunal decided that Behring sea was open by right to the sealing vessels of Canada, or all the world for that matter, and was in no sense a closed sea, to which Washington alone held the key. This decision as a diplomatic defeat was not relished, but it was the decision of the court of last resort—an appeal to arms—and nothing remained to be done except bargain with Canada for the abolition of pelagic sealing. The question is therefore largely one of price, for there can be little doubt that if the United States offers other concessions of greater value than pelagic sealing is to Canada, the Canadian commissioners will have the country behind them in closing a bargain.

The suggestion has been made that a liberal reciprocity arrangement would be of greater value to Canada than the seal fisheries. This is a somewhat narrow and spiritless view of the position of Canada in relation to foreign trade. The American chambers of commerce that have been petitioning President McKinley in favor of reciprocity with Canada have a better grip of the situation. They understand that, whatever the conditions may have been in the past, the Canadian market to-day is a better one for American produce and manufacturers than the American market is for Canada. Under these circumstances a reciprocity treaty cannot be regarded as a boon to Canada in any greater degree than to the United States, unless its terms are such as to give Canadian exports to the States free entry in much greater volume than in the case of American goods entering Canada.

The same argument applies to a number of the minor issues to be discussed. The alien labor laws of the two countries should cancel each other; for while it is true that there is a constant movement of workmen from Quebec and Eastern Canada into the United States, it is no less true that in Algona, British Columbia and the Yukon the movement of workmen from the United States into Canada. In the case of the fisheries of the Atlantic coast our rights are clear

and well defined. Canada and Newfoundland have control of the bait without which the fishermen of Massachusetts would get but a sorry catch in deep-sea fishing. The suggestion that Canadian and Newfoundland fish be admitted duty free in the American market in return for admission of American vessels to the privilege of catching bait in British American waters is just as reasonable now as in 1888, when Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Bayard approved of it. A somewhat similar contention is made in relation to the delicate question of log and lumber duties, which will probably be considered at great length. The mill owners of Michigan require our logs to keep their mills in operation. It is to our interest to have the logs sawn in Canada, and we have as much right to legislate in that direction as Congress has to so frame a tariff as to secure, if possible, the sawing of the logs in the United States. The task of the conference is really one involving a study in relative values. It may be worth more to us to get our lumber into the States free of import duty than free of export duty, but here again the general balance of trade becomes a factor that it is impossible to overlook.

The Alaska boundary dispute is another issue in which each party has something that is of value to the other. The Americans hold the coast strip containing the ports and the passes leading to the gold country, but the gold fields are ours, and as sixty per cent. of the miners are Americans whom we could bar out, the throwing open of the Canadian gold fields to citizens of the United States is certainly a sufficient price for the throwing open of the American coast strip to the passage duty free of Canadian goods and to Canadian vessels. This is the condition existing at present under agreement of the two governments, but the bonding agreement is one that might be terminated at a moment's notice or rendered useless by some unscrupulous customs officer. It is important that for all time there shall be as free access for Canadian goods as for Americans across the Alaska coast strip, should it be determined by the boundary commission that the Lynn Canal ports really are in the United States, and not, as has been claimed, in Canadian territory, as defined by the treaty of St. Petersburg.

The work of the conference will consist largely of the balancing of advantages possessed by each country. It is not a game to be won by one of the contestants to the disadvantage of the other. If there are results from the labor of the commissioners, and every good citizen of both countries doubtless hopes for a favorable issue, each party to the negotiations will have something of value to point to as its profit from the conference. In any event the gathering cannot fail to increase the fast growing sentiment in favor of closer relations between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race. A disagreement at Quebec need not involve a quarrel or a return to the friction of former years.—Toronto Globe.

THE GOVERNOR'S COURSE.

Our exchanges bear witness to the fact that the unconstitutional and impudent abuse of the Crown's prerogative has caused unfavorable comment in journals representing all shades of political parties throughout the length and breadth of Canada. While some papers express extreme disgust and indignation, others

again indulge in merriment and sarcastic criticism directed at Her Majesty's representative. The press are a unit in declaring His Honor's action as unjustifiable, unconstitutional, and as the act of a man who was anxious to give the public some token of his importance. Up to the moment of going to press, we have heard no good constitutional apology for His Honor's actions; but, on the other hand, evidence can be produced which, when published, as it surely will be, must give the impression that Lieutenant-Governor McInnes was conversant with, and discussed questions of a political nature, which, as the representative of Her Majesty, and as one who should have preserved a position of strict neutrality, he should have been oblivious to, much less have repeated and commented upon. For instance: what had His Honor to do with any gossip in connection with the alleged dissensions in the opposition ranks? Was it within His Honor's province, or was it dignified on his part to offer as an apology to Mr. Semlin for his previous gratuitous snub, that he understood that his (Mr. Semlin's) party was, after the 9th July, "divided into two factions?" We will anxiously await the defence which Mr. Semlin must make to His Honor's abuse of the Crown's prerogative. Will he be prepared to say that in the hands of a McInnes all limitation to it will subsist at pleasure? As one of the people, and as a representative of the people, his wisdom should have dictated him to take, was to politely refuse to shoulder the responsibility of this shameful and impudent assault upon the rights of the people. By so doing, he would have raised himself immeasurably in public opinion. We heartily agree with the Colonist in the stand it has taken upon this question. The policy of the late government is a very small matter in comparison with issues presented in this conspiracy to forward certain little schemes under the name of prerogative. Whether Mr. Turner managed provincial business bad or well pales into insignificance in comparison with the issues bound up in this so-called prerogative. We must be united in our stand upon this question. It must be discussed in the assembly, on the hustings and in the press, and let us do it with a singleness of eye, with boldness of speech, and an unflinching devotion to our cause. By no artifice of ingenuity can this bungling attempt to subvert personal ambition under the name of prerogative be effaced or patched over. Let those who are elected to the House remember that it is the duty of a statesman to choose the better cause and to stand by it.—Wellington Enterprise.

SUCCESSFUL AT LAST.

"I was a sufferer from neuralgia in my side, and headaches. I followed numerous prescriptions without benefit and was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken only one bottle I realized that it was doing me good and I continued taking it until I was cured." Mrs. Carrie Price, Georgetown, Ontario.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

....READ THIS....

Are you shipping freight to Dawson? If so, you can save a handsome profit on your shipment by taking a scow or barge from Lake Bennett down the river. For example:—Ten tons from Victoria to Dawson, at contract rates, costs 24 cents per pound, or \$4,800; connections are uncertain, and consequent delays to be contended with. Ten tons from Victoria to Lake Bennett costs nine cents per pound, or \$1,800. From Bennett to Dawson, by barge or scow, three cents per pound, or \$600; total, \$2,400, or a saving to the shipper of \$2,400 on a small transaction. No delays.

....IT MUST BE SO....

For regular traders buy barges and scows from us. We save money for others. We can do it for you. Come and figure with us at the mills.
VICTORIA YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd
Munn, Holland & Co., Agts, 34 Broad St. LAKE BENNETT, B.C.

DON'T GO

To Klondike Without an

ALBION STOVE

.....WE HAVE.....

MINERS'

Folding Deflecting Stoves
Strong Sheet Steel Stoves
that are made to last...
Combination Cooking and
Heating Stoves of Special
Design.....

Each Stove Has Pipe and a Bake
Pan Packed Inside

ALBION IRON WORKS CO.,

Limited Liability

FARM FOR SALE.

East 40 acres of section 4, east 10 acres of section 5, range VI., and fractional section 5, range VII., Cowichan district, fronting on Cowichan Bay, lately occupied by Henry H. Walsh, and section 4, range V. and V. 60 acres of section VI., Cowichan District, lately occupied by Roger Douglas, adjoining the above.

The property is

Beautifully Situated

and will be sold cheap. Apply to

HEISTERMAN & CO.

NOTICE—Thirty days from date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 160 acres of meadow land, situated about three miles up the creek running into the head of Puntzie lake.
E. PENROSE LEE.
July 25, 1898.

Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Estab.

JOHN T. PIERRE, Prop.

123 Douglas Street - Opposite City Hall

Suits dyed for \$2.50. Suits cleaned for \$1.50. Bring along your suitings, we will make them up cheap and to fit you to.